Using AI methods to enable clinical trial success

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Agenda

- *Increasing Clinical Trial success rate by better patient pre qualification
- Tumor boards provide personalized advice and pre-qualify patients.
- Hackathons formalize, scale and tune the tumor board process
- Working to fully automate Hackathons
- Summary
- Final Word

Quiz Question

- I'd like to do a poll.
- Out of 100 patients in an oncologic clinical trial, how many typically benefit?
 - 5?
 - 10?
 - 20?
 - 40?
 - 80?
 - 90?

Quiz Answer

- I'd like to do a poll.
- Out of 100 patients in an oncologic clinical trial, how many typically benefit?
 - 5?
 - 10?
 - 20?
 - 40?
 - 80?
 - 90?

3.5

3.5% is bad for everybody

- Patients
- Doctors
- Pharma
- I want to increase this is via better patient pre-qualification
- Let's start with the question

What alternatives exist to the clinical trial process?

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Clinical Trials vs. Tumor Boards

Clinical Trial: one Researcher many Patients Tumor Board: one Patient many Researchers

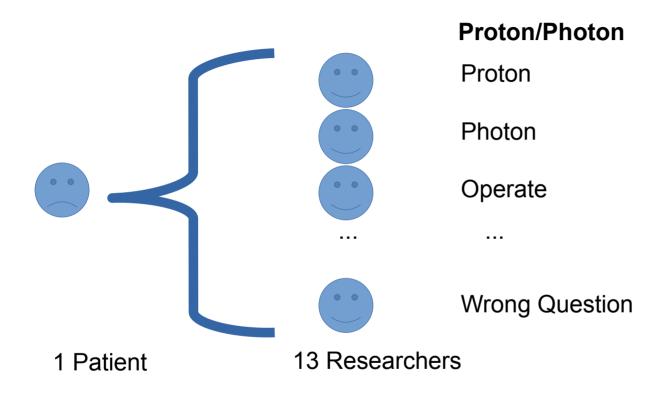
N Researchers

N Patients

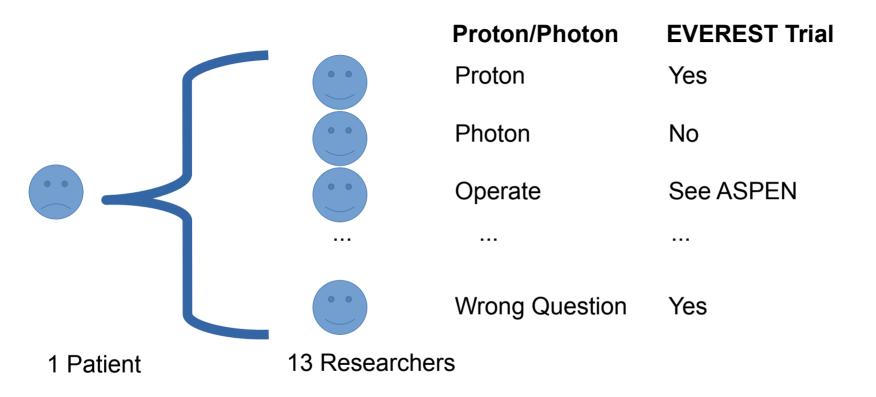
1 Patient

1 Researcher

Clinical Trials and Proton/Photon

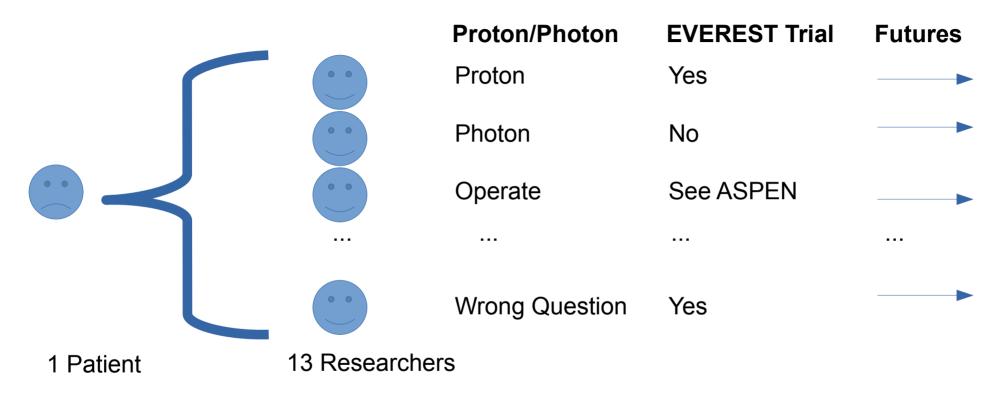


Clinical Trials and Proton/Photon



Note: My Clinical Trial Enrollment likely would not have increased success rate!!!!

Clinical Trials and Proton/Photon



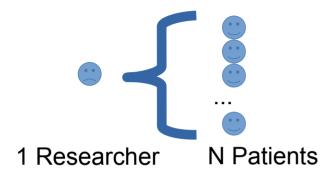
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Agenda

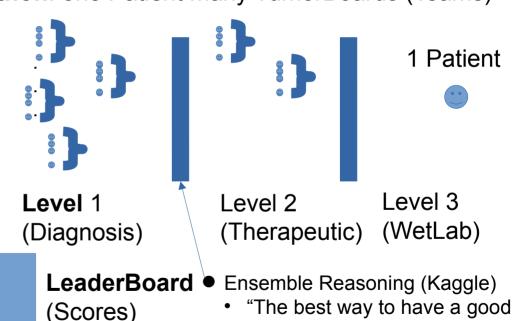
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Clinical Trials, Tumor Boards and Hackathons

Clinical Trial: one Researcher many Patients



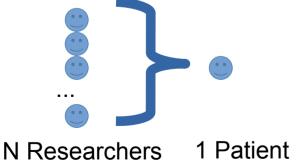
Hackathon: one Patient many TumorBoards (Teams)



idea is to have lots of ideas." -

Linus Pauling 12

Tumor Board: one Patient many Researchers

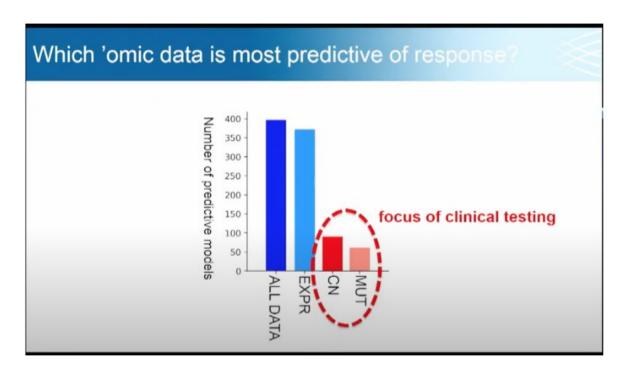


2018 p1RCC Hackathon Teams



80 People (some Remote) formed 17 Teams (50 picture)

Clinical vs. Research Data



James Watson: targeting metabolism is a more promising avenue in current cancer research than gene-centered approaches. 20160515 NYT

- Genetics- brother has thyroid cancer
- Genomics TCGA Thyroid cancer clusters close to p1RCC
- Metabolomics High Uric Acid "Thyroid hormones influence kidney
 function and thereby might alter
 serum urate levels, a major risk
 factor for gouty arthritis."
- Co-morbidities Bradycardia (Slow Heart Rate): "hypothyroidism results in an insufficient amount of thyroid hormone which leads to a slower heart rate
- Dental Records

14

2018 p1RCC <u>DNA</u> Hackathon Process

TCGA Data

Bill Data (DNA)

119 Recommended Genes cancer-genome-workbench causalnucleotidenetwork RecausalNucleotideNetworks Aizheng CLEC2B CYP4F11 LINC00621 PLEKHO1 PLEKHO2 ... AKR1B10 BASP1P1 BioMarkers.ai PTGER3 DMRT2 FHL1 KNG1 UMOD DamTheRiver AC139425.3 ACSM2A ANO9 AQP12B **GRIN3B HEXB** HIVEP3 **GEViz** NRF2-ARE HelloKidney **ITGAM** TNFSF4 KidneyBean TUBB8 studentec AMPD2 DPP6 FLG₂ FTMT ST6GALNAC5 CUL-2 HPSE2 LAMC-1 TRABD2B trimericOGs AGBL4 ARIDA1 SK3 DeeperDrugs **APOB** CDK9 TTRAP BARD1 GNOME PABPC1 BARD1 PDE4DIP AHNAK ANAPC1 BCLAF1 DNAJ27 HelloKidnev2 PDE4DIP **MTHFR** PFKP **PSMA** FOLH1 **GDNF** PIK3CA codeomics MTOR HSIEH MTOR PIK3CA SETD2 NF2 BAP1 KDM6A PBRM1 ExpressForce NF2 BAP1 FGFR1 ARID1A SETD2 KDM6A PBRM1 ◆ HIF1AlsNotAnOncogene FGFR1 CDK4 ü

10 Up Weighted Classifications (Genes)

- BARD1
- PDE4DP
- SETD2
- NF2
- BAP1
- KDM6A
- PBRM1
- MTOR
- PIK3CA
- · FGFR1



Received: 25 October 2018 Accepted: 28 January 2019

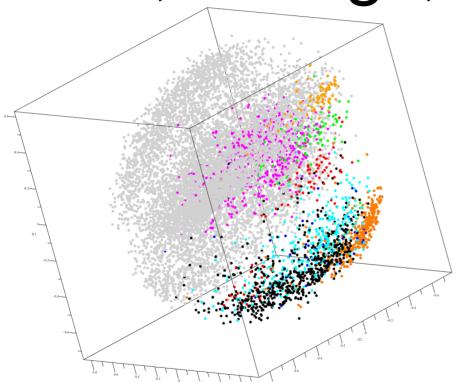
Published online: 27 February 2019

OPEN Linking Binary Gene Relationships to Drivers of Renal Cell Carcinoma **Reveals Convergent Function in Alternate Tumor Progression Paths**

William L. Poehlman¹, James J. Hsieh 102 & F. Alex Feltus¹

Renal cell carcinoma (RCC) subtypes are characterized by distinct molecular profiles. Using RNA expression profiles from 1,009 RCC samples, we constructed a condition-annotated gene coexpression network (GCN). The RCC GCN contains binary gene coexpression relationships (edges) specific to conditions including RCC subtype and tumor stage. As an application of this resource, we discovered RCC GCN edges and modules that were associated with genetic lesions in known RCC driver genes, including VHL, a common initiating clear cell RCC (ccRCC) genetic lesion, and PBRM1 and BAP1 which are early genetic lesions in the Braided Cancer River Model (BCRM). Since ccRCC tumors with PBRM1 mutations respond to targeted therapy differently than tumors with BAP1 mutations, we focused on ccRCC-specific edges associated with tumors that exhibit alternate mutation profiles: VHL-PBRM1 or VHL-BAP1. We found specific blends molecular functions associated with these two mutation paths. Despite these mutation-associated edges having unique genes, they were enriched for the same immunological functions suggesting a convergent functional role for alternate gene sets consistent with the BCRM. The condition annotated RCC GCN described herein is a novel data mining resource for the assignment of polygenic biomarkers and their relationships to RCC tumors with specific molecular and mutational profiles.

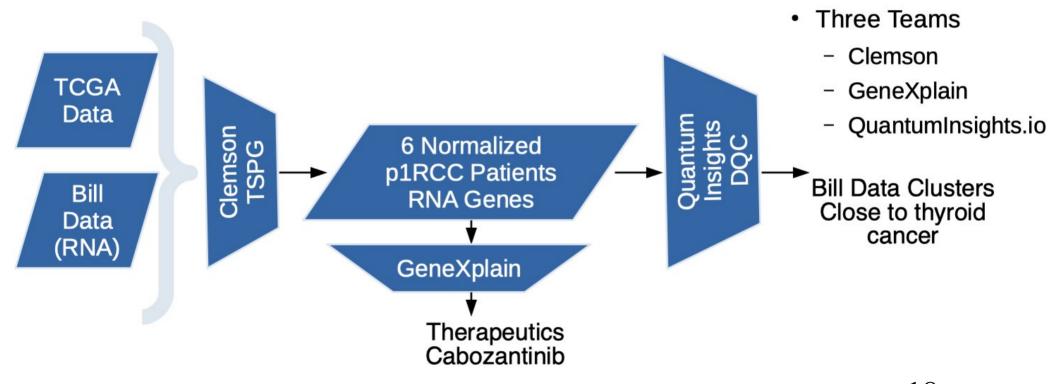
Parents, Siblings, Cohort Genetics



```
KIRP Cyan
KIRC Black
KICH Red
LIHC Coral
THCA Magenta
CHOL Blue
UVM Orange
ACC Lime
Others Light Gray
```

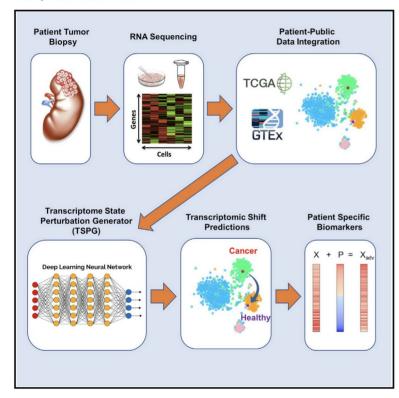
2018 QuantumInsights.io DQC 17

2020 p1RCC <u>RNA</u> Hackathon Process



Cellular State Transformations Using Deep Learning for Precision Medicine Applications

Graphical Abstract



Highlights

Authors

Colin Targonski, M. Reed Bender, Benjamin T. Shealy, Benafsh Husain, Bill Paseman, Melissa C. Smith, F. Alex Feltus

Correspondence

ffeltus@clemson.edu

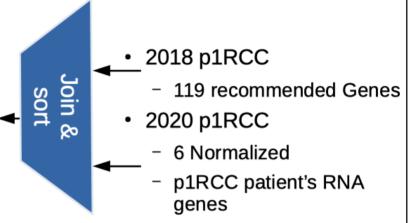
In Brief

Cells express genes in unique combinations that enable distinct functions. Using machine learning, we present an algorithm that takes a source gene expression snapshot and learns how to change it to mimic a target snapshot. We applied the Transcriptome State Perturbation Generator algorithm to learn which genes have changed in a single patient's tumor relative to a normal tissue sample. By knowing which gene expression changes are required to leave a normal state in a single person, it is possible to design therapeutic strategies tailored for that patient.

GAN Generation

Merging 2018 and 2020 Results

Team - 2018	Gene	BP-Tumor -2020	
studentec	FLG2	-0.569807	
BioMarkers.ai	FHL1	-0.370446	
HelloKidney2	TAS2R19	-0.363179 -	•
ExpressForce	TERT	-0.358329	
HelloKidney2	TYMS	-0.287382	
trimericOGs	HPSE2	0.567236	
BioMarkers.ai	PTGER3	0.59603	
BioMarkers.ai	DMRT2	0.621588	
BioMarkers.ai	UMOD	0.657959	
BioMarkers.ai	KNG1	0.668831	



- BioMarkers.ai sorted to either end of the chart.
 - Perhaps diagnostic
 - Likely not therapeutic

Leaderboard (Open)

Team - 2018	Gene	BP-Tumor -2020	Approach	
studentec	FLG2	-0.569	9807 <u>https://github.co</u>	om/SVAI/studentec
BioMarkers.ai	FHL1	-0.370	0446 <u>https://github.co</u>	om/SVAI/Biomarkers.AI
HelloKidney2	TAS2R19	-0.363	3179 <u>https://github.co</u>	om/SVAI/HelloKidney2
ExpressForce	TERT	-0.358	8329 <u>https://github.co</u>	om/SVAI/ExpressForce
HelloKidney2	TYMS	-0.28′	7382 <u>https://github.co</u>	om/SVAI/HelloKidney2
trimericOGs	HPSE2	0.56	7236 https://github.co	om/SVAI/trimericOGs
BioMarkers.ai	PTGER3	0.59	9603 https://github.co	om/SVAI/Biomarkers.AI
BioMarkers.ai	DMRT2	0.62	1588 <u>https://github.co</u>	om/SVAI/Biomarkers.AI
BioMarkers.ai	UMOD	0.65	7959 <u>https://github.co</u>	om/SVAI/Biomarkers.AI
BioMarkers.ai	KNG1	0.668	8831 https://github.co	om/SVAI/Biomarkers.AI

Level 2: Therapeutic Options



Level 3: Wetlab (TBD)

- Travera
 - 20 wells on a tray
 - Each with fresh tumor
 - And a different Treatment in each well
- Rare Cancer Research Foundation
- https://www.arctoris.com/
 - Cell Line Labs

Biomarkers.ai - 2018

- KNG1 uses alternative splicing to generate two different proteins: High MWt kininogen (HMWK) and MWt kininogen (LMWK). HMWK is essential for blood coagulation and assembly of the kallikrein-kinin system. This might explain my medical history.
 - Got warfarin/coumadin for diagnosis of deep vein thrombosis
 - DVT Symptoms returned. Went back and found: 7 cm mass left kidney, cerebral meningioma and spots in lung.
- Uromodulin (encoded by UMOD; also known as Tamm-Horsfall protein) is the most abundant protein in mammalian urine under normal physiological conditions.
 - UMOD can distinguish Normal Tissue from p1RCC with 100% accuracy.
 - Is UMOD also a good urine-based biomarker for p1RCC?
- FHL1 was an indicator for petrochemical exposure. For a time I worked in chemical refineries and on oil
 rigs. This might be the source of my somatic mutation.
 - Exposure to benzopyrene and several other agents enhances FHL1 expression

Why did BIOada.com do better?

- Saed Sayad came to the hackathon with a set of favorite tools already in place (BlOada.com) which saved analysis time.
- He created a normalized cohort by looking up RNA data on NCBI GEO (Gene Expression)
 data) using my DNA data as a key. RNA provided a stronger signal than my DNA data,
 and ultimately matched my RNA-seq data when it became available.
- This stronger signal allowed him to use a simpler data analysis technique (LDA- Linear Discriminant analysis) to get clean data separation and so make better predictions.
- His team was small and focused. Note that a 2019 article entitled "
 <u>Can Big Science Be Too Big?</u>" posited that papers with few authors tended to report more breakthrough research and papers with many authors tended to confirm existing findings.
- His outsized results are supported by portfolio theory. Dr. Sayad took on a lot of risk (Using one tool, BIOada.com. Abandoning DNA data, using GEO instead. Using one method, LDA. Using a small team, generating fewer new ideas) and so was likely to either get a big win, or go bust.
- In that sense, a hackathon can be viewed as a portfolio of <u>real options</u>, and a hackathon "portfolio" has similar risk/return math to that used in financial portfolio construction.

Patient Centered Game Elements Ensemble Learning

"Patient Centered"

- Patients view themselves as having a "rare disease" that is not served well by cohort analysis. We hope to use sibling and parent genetic data as a "control" in future events.
- Patients themselves host and maintain control of the event and are responsible for providing their own data.
- Data Control allows patients to create a current, longitudinal record over time for each subsequent hackathon as their disease develops.

"Game Elements"

- Hackathon participants are divided up into teams.
- The Game has "levels" which include diagnosis and therapeutic recommendations.
- Team's results are "scored" which helps the Patient prioritize future research approaches.
- Scores can be posted on a LeaderBoard, which allows sharing of Research Approaches.

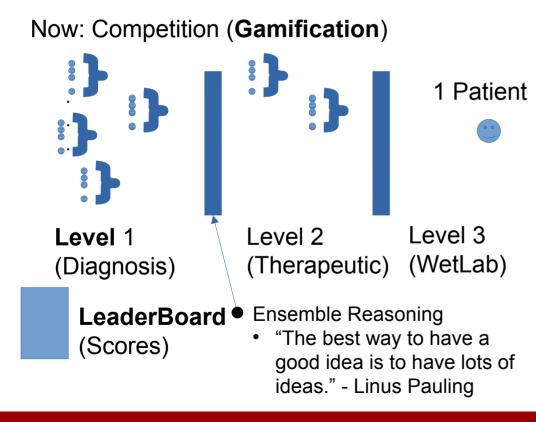
"Treat Research Teams as formal computational objects"

- Apply an "Ensemble Learning" technique called "bucket of models".
- For each model m in the bucket:
- Do c times: (where 'c' is some constant)
- Randomly divide the training dataset into two datasets: A, and B.
- Train m with A; Test m with B
- Select the model that obtains the highest average score

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Next Gen approaches to automate data sharing and research



Next: Automation

- Process Basically, Hackathons are multiarmed clinical trials for research processes.
 - Scale Hackathons up and make them faster.
 - Automate creation of Hackathon variants.
- Researcher(s) → LLM Agent team members
 - Chatbot → ResearchBot
- Patient(s) → LLM Agent Digital Twins
 - HIPAA Not an issue for me
 - Need to do better later
 - EHR → DigitalTwin
 - Need to Represent Time Well
 - Integrate Genomics/Radiology later
 - Diagnosis vs hallucinations
- Data → Genomic GANS for rare diseases

Early Days

- I'm starting with the Clinical Trial Example (EVEREST NCT01120249)
 - Nizar Tannir: "I do not recommend any adjuvant trial w/ mTOR inhibitors or VEGF targeted agents for papillary RCC. There will be trials w/ immune checkpoint agents in the near future but not soon enough to enroll on."
- Run past LLMs loaded with PubMed
- Tell me aout the relationship between EVEREST and ASPEN
 - Hallucination
- Tell me about the Everest RCC trial
 - Partial Hallucination: ...The trial aimed to evaluate the safety and efficacy of tolvaptan in patients with worsening HF.
- Tell me about NCT01120249
 - Hallucination

Next Steps

- RareBench: Can LLMs Serve as Rare Diseases Specialists? pdf
- CORAL: Expert-Curated Oncology Reports to Advance Language Model Inference
- RAFT: Adapting Language Model to Domain Specific RAG
- Claude 3

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Summary

- I am not interested in cancer researchers' tools.
 - They can use their tools better than I.
- I am not interested developing new tools for cancer researchers.
 - There are better tool developers than I.
- I am interested in "Improving how Cancer Research Improves"
- I believe that Innovative use of Tumor Boards is one way to get faster improvement.

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Final Word

An obvious point needs to be made explicitly here. Though I contributed data on the front end of the process and did a few SQL table joins and sorts on the back end of the process, NONE of the biology is my work. It is the work of the many volunteer researchers who spent many hours exploring my data on my behalf. Thank You.

"If you work on frequent cancers, do randomized trials! If you work on rare cancers—find friends!" Olson, TA, Schneider, DT, Brecht, IB, et al. Rare tumors: a different perspective on oncology. In: Schneider, DT, Brecht, IB, Olson, TA, Ferrari, A, eds. Rare Tumors in Children and Adolescents. Berlin: Springer; 2012: 3–15.

Acknowledgements

- Tissue: UCSF's Dr. Max Meng and Tasha Lea
- Sequencing: Yale's Dr. Kaya Bilguvar and Christopher Castaldi and UCLA's Dr. Brian Shuch
- Sequencing Experiment Specification and Validation: Mike D'Amour for specifying the sequencing experiment parameters and fastq Validation Process
- 2018 Venue Donation: Salesforce's Steve Tamm and Lisa Ferrier
- 2018 Hackathon Teams
- 2018 Biomarker.ai Lead: Dr. Saed Sayad
- 2018 and 2020 Hackathon Master of Ceremonies: Ben Busby
- 2020 Hackathon: The TRI-con organizer: Kaitlyn Barago of healthtech
- 2020 Hackathon: Research to the People Organizer: Pete Kane
- 2020 Hackathon: "Clemson's 2020 normalized cohort" creators: Reed Bender, Ben Shealy and Benafsh Hussain from Dr. Alex Feltus' group
- 2020 Hackathon: Therapeutic Recommendations: GeneXplain's Dr. Jeannette Koschmann
- 2018 and 2020 Target Identification: QuantumInsights.io's Bernard Chen and Marvin Weinstein
- 2018 Hackathon: sv.ai volunteers: Ryan Leung, Clayton Melina, Lily Vittayarukskul, Hunter Dunbar, Pete Kane, Bill, Dom Jones, Marguerite, David Schachter, Anabelle Tang. Nipa Sardesh, Sean Davis

2018 p1RCC HackathonTeams

Team	Members	Summary
Alzheng	Alex Feltus, Ben Shealy, Colin Targonski, Courtney Shearer, Eddie Weill, Ken Matusow, Sufeng Niu, William Poehlman	Model TCGA-RCC tumors as a "time series" across stage
BioMarkers.ai	Peyman Mirtaheri, Saed Sayad, Usman Qazi	Candidate p1RCC Biomarkers and environmental factors influencing expression
cancer-genome-workbench	Betty, rene lopez, Rui, Sarah	Predict/classify a sample cancer type using genetic data with: Unsupervised clustering, Dimensionality reduction, Somatic SNPs, Data exploration
causalnucleotidenetwork	Arkarachai Fungtammasan, Naina Thangaraj, Ola Zalcman, Steve Osazuwa	Variational Autoencoder and tSNE clustering
codeOmics	Daniel Hornburg, Milena Duerrbaum	Biomarkers to precision drugs
<u>DamTheRiver</u>	Andrew Wallace, Christian Clough, Felix Frayman, Matt Callahan, Nandita Damaraju, Pak Yu, Sebastian Nguyen, William Wright	Identification of neo-antigens present within patient P1RCC sequence data

2018 p1RCC HackathonTeams

DeeperDrugs Andrew Mills, Biter Bilen, Jeff Lam, Lei Tian, Michael D'Amour, Monika Maleszewska, Prasun Mishra, Tahera Zabuawala, XIAOWEI ZHU ExpressForce Amrit Virdee, Maricris Macabeo, Nikhil Balaji, Sofia Medina Ruiz, Yuri Bendana geviz Maytas Monsereenusorn, Natnicha Vanitchanant, Navi Tansaraviput, Thanapat Worasaran GNOME In-Hee Lee, Sek Won Kong Prioritizing germline and somatic variants potentially associated with p1RCC HelloKidney Terje Norderhaug Autoimmune Clues to Kidney Cancer HelloKidney2 Clinton Mielke, Robert Van Spyk Genetic Markers HIF1AlsNotAnOncogene Eric Danziger, Joshua Bloomstein, Stephanie Kinnunen, Wanlin Zheng Rigorous variant filtering and target pruning			
Balaji, Sofia Medina Ruiz, Yuri Bendana geviz Maytas Monsereenusorn, Natnicha Vanitchanant, Navi Tansaraviput, Thanapat Worasaran GNOME In-Hee Lee, Sek Won Kong Prioritizing germline and somatic variants potentially associated with p1RCC HelloKidney Terje Norderhaug Autoimmune Clues to Kidney Cancer HelloKidney2 Clinton Mielke, Robert Van Spyk Genetic Markers HIF1AlsNotAnOncogene Eric Danziger, Joshua Bloomstein, A preliminary case study in EGFR	<u>DeeperDrugs</u>	Tian, Michael D'Amour, Monika Maleszewska, Prasun Mishra, Tahera	Rigorous variant filtering and target pruning
Vanitchanant, Navi Tansaraviput, Thanapat Worasaran In-Hee Lee, Sek Won Kong Prioritizing germline and somatic variants potentially associated with p1RCC HelloKidney. Terje Norderhaug Autoimmune Clues to Kidney Cancer HelloKidney2 Clinton Mielke, Robert Van Spyk Genetic Markers HIF1AlsNotAnOncogene Eric Danziger, Joshua Bloomstein, A preliminary case study in EGFR	<u>ExpressForce</u>		Netflix for Genes
HelloKidney Terje Norderhaug Autoimmune Clues to Kidney Cancer HelloKidney2 Clinton Mielke, Robert Van Spyk Genetic Markers HIF1AlsNotAnOncogene Eric Danziger, Joshua Bloomstein, A preliminary case study in EGFR	<u>geviz</u>	Vanitchanant, Navi Tansaraviput, Thanapat	Gene Expression Visualization
HelloKidney2 Clinton Mielke, Robert Van Spyk Genetic Markers HIF1AlsNotAnOncogene Eric Danziger, Joshua Bloomstein, A preliminary case study in EGFR	GNOME	In-Hee Lee, Sek Won Kong	. ,
HIF1AlsNotAnOncogene Eric Danziger, Joshua Bloomstein, A preliminary case study in EGFR	<u>HelloKidney</u>	Terje Norderhaug	Autoimmune Clues to Kidney Cancer
	HelloKidney2	Clinton Mielke, Robert Van Spyk	Genetic Markers
	HIF1AlsNotAnOncogene		A preliminary case study in EGFR

3/

2018 p1RCC HackathonTeams

KidneyBean	Bea Nguy, Eric Kalosa-Kenyon, James (3), Jay (3), Kallen Schwark, Kandy Nachimuthu, Mabel Furutsuki, Maninder Singh, Marcus Strauss, Rahim Hashim, Sam Rapp, Wessam Sonbol	Drug candidates towards personal medicine
RecausalNucleotideNetworks	Andrew Carroll, Jason Chin, Pi-Chuan Chang, Samantha Zarate	How Effective Are Illumina Methods for BGI-SEQ? 20180531 BLOG POST
studentec	Brian Hanley, Rush Tehrani	USING BIGQUERY FOR GENOMIC DATA ANALYSIS
trimericOGs	Christine Kim, Lily Vittayarukskul, Phoebe So, Rohith Krishna, Samson Mataraso, senay yakut	Classifying Tumor Stages based on Structural Variants in Patient Data

Final Final Word

- Pete Kane of sv.ai (now researchtothepeople.org) was in charge of hackathon attendance. He built up a significant list of engineers, biologists, researchers etc by hosting monthly lectures.
- Part of the motivation for the hackathons came from the community wanting to engage sv.ai's open and collaborative data science projects.
- Bioinformaticians!!!!
- Contact Pete to help with current cases!
- or Bill you want to get involved in improving the hackathon process (LLMs are the current focus)
 - bill@rarekidneycancer.org
 - pete@researchtothepeople.org